

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction	7
1.1. The theme	7
1.2. Research questions, hypothesis, theoretical framework	8
1.3. State of research	9
1.4. Research methods and techniques	9
1.5. Structure	11
1.6. Limitations	12
2. European integration, cross-border collaboration and border twin towns	14
2.1. European integration and border issues	14
2.1.1. Theoretical reflections on regional integration	14
2.1.2. Regional integration theories in border studies	17
2.2. Cross-border collaboration in Europe and theoretical reflections on cross-border collaboration and integration	19
2.2.1. European integration and borders	20
2.2.2. Borders: the concept and its categorization – frontiers and boundaries	22
2.2.3. Towards a border theory	24
2.3. Border twin towns	26
2.3.1. Towards the categorization	27
2.3.2. Functional characteristics	28
2.3.3. Mutual relations	29
2.3.4. Case selection	31
2.4. Conclusions	34
3. Process of creation of pairings – historical origins and their consequences	36
3.1. Creation of towns	36
3.1.1. Medieval survivors	37
3.1.1.1. Tui-Valença	37
3.1.1.2. Irún-Hendaye	38
3.1.2. The children of Napoleon	39
3.1.2.1. Rheinfelden (Baden)–Rheinfelden (AG)	39
3.1.2.2. Laufenburg (Baden)–Laufenburg (AG)	41
3.1.2.3. Haparanda-Tornio	42
3.1.2.4. Kerkrade-Herzogenrath	44
3.1.2.5. Laufen (Salzach)–Oberndorf bei Salzburg	45
3.1.2.6. Baarle-Hertog – Baarle-Nassau	46
3.1.3. Results of World War I	48
3.1.3.1. Strasbourg-Kehl	48
3.1.3.2. Neuf Brisach-Breisach	50
3.1.3.3. České Velenice-Gmünd	51
3.1.3.4. Bad Radkersburg-Gornja Radgona	52
3.1.3.5. Komárno-Komárom	53
3.1.3.6. Štúrovo-Esztergom	55

3.1.3.7. Valga-Valka	56
3.1.3.8. Cieszyn-Český Těšín	58
3.1.4. Results of World War II	60
3.1.4.1. Frankfurt (Oder)-Ślubice	60
3.1.4.2. Guben-Gubin	62
3.1.4.3. Görlitz-Zgorzelec	63
3.1.4.4. Terespol-Brest	64
3.1.4.5. Gorizia-Nova Gorica	65
3.1.5. Bridged pairings	67
3.1.5.1. Giurgiu-Ruse	68
3.1.5.2. Calafat-Vidin	69
3.1.6. Disintegration products	70
3.1.6.1. Narva-Ivangorod	70
3.2. The origins - interpretation	72
3.3. Conclusions	77
4. Cross-border collaboration: reasons, forms and mechanisms	79
4.1. Collaborative mode and the necessity for further research	79
4.2. Context	80
4.2.1. Asymmetries	81
4.2.2. Peripherality	87
4.3. Why do they collaborate and what is the aim of the collaboration?	88
4.3.1. Between national and European modes	88
4.3.2. Reasons	90
4.3.3. Aims	92
4.4. Cross border collaboration in the context of inter-state relations	93
4.4.1. Central authorities	93
4.4.2. Local answer	96
4.5. Forms of collaboration and integration	97
4.5.1. Bridges and bridging	98
4.5.2. Public transportation	102
4.5.3. Sectoral collaboration	104
4.5.3.1. Culture and sport	104
4.5.3.2. Education	105
4.5.3.3. Common infrastructure and public services	106
4.5.3.4. Health care	109
4.5.4. Tourism	109
4.5.5. Formal and institutional dimensions of collaboration and integration	112
4.6. Problems of legitimacy and cross-border governance	115
4.6.1. Cross-border governance	115
4.6.2. The people	117
4.7. Conclusions	119
5. Conclusions	120
Bibliography	124
Interviews	134
Figures, pictures, maps and tables	135